

# Specify connection credentials

The **Specify Connection Credentials** wizard allows you to designate the credentials that IDERA SQL Secure will use to access the SQL Server instance you are adding whether the SQL Server instance is running private network or public cloud such as Azure VM, Azure SQL Databases, Amazon EC2 or Amazon RDS. You have to specify credentials according to the type of server you want to register:

## On-Premise SQL Server

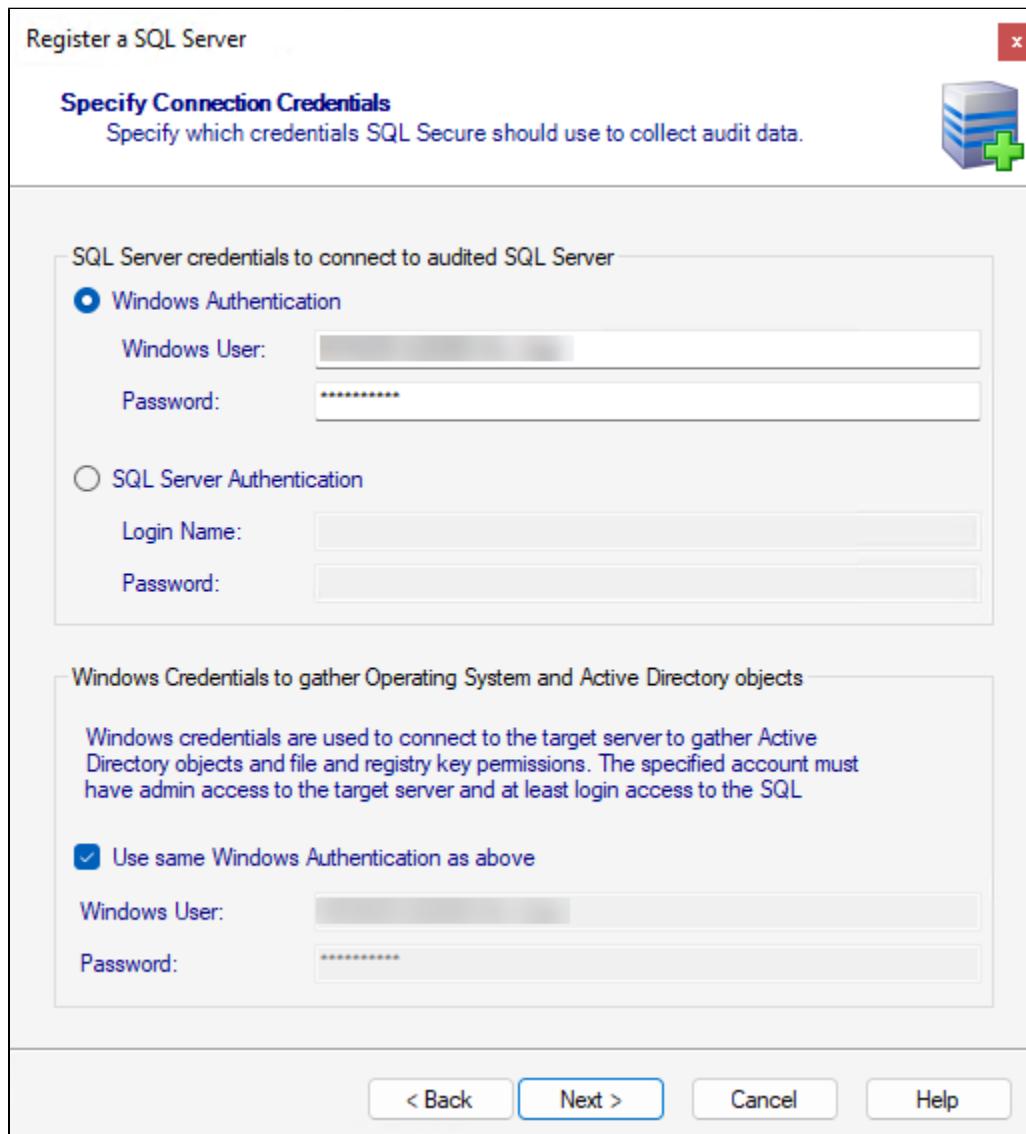
For **On-Premise SQL Server** servers, you have to specify the following credentials:

On the first section you will see the **SQL Server credentials to connect to audited SQL Server**, choose one of the following options:

- Select **Windows Authentication** and enter the credentials in the fields provided.
- Click **SQL Server Authentication** to use the default credentials of your SQL Server Agent.

On the **Windows Credentials to gather Operating System and Active Directory objects** credentials section, you have the following options:

- Check the **Use same Windows Authentication as above** box to use the Windows credentials specified above.
- Specify a different Windows account that SQL Secure will use to gather information about OS and AD objects.



The screenshot shows the 'Register a SQL Server' wizard window. The title bar says 'Register a SQL Server'. The main heading is 'Specify Connection Credentials' with a subtitle 'Specify which credentials SQL Secure should use to collect audit data.' and a blue cube icon with a green plus sign. The window is divided into two main sections. The first section is 'SQL Server credentials to connect to audited SQL Server'. It has two radio button options: 'Windows Authentication' (selected) and 'SQL Server Authentication'. Under 'Windows Authentication', there are fields for 'Windows User:' and 'Password:'. Under 'SQL Server Authentication', there are fields for 'Login Name:' and 'Password:'. The second section is 'Windows Credentials to gather Operating System and Active Directory objects'. It contains a text box explaining that Windows credentials are used to connect to the target server to gather Active Directory objects and file and registry key permissions, and that the specified account must have admin access to the target server and at least login access to the SQL. Below this, there is a checked checkbox for 'Use same Windows Authentication as above' and fields for 'Windows User:' and 'Password:'. At the bottom of the window, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Cancel', and 'Help'.

## SQL Server on Azure Virtual machine

For **SQL Servers on Azure Virtual machines**, you have to specify the following credentials:

On the **SQL Server credentials to connect to audited SQL Server**, choose one of the following options:

- Select **Windows Authentication** and enter the credentials in the fields provided.
- Click **SQL Server Authentication** to use the default credentials of your SQL Server Agent.

The **Azure Active Directory to gather Operating System and Active Directory objects** section, asks for credentials to connect the target server to gather Active Directory objects and key permissions.

The accounts need **Administrator** access to the target server.

**Register a SQL Server**

**Specify Connection Credentials**  
Specify which credentials SQL Secure should use to collect audit data.

**SQL Server credentials to connect to audited SQL Server**

☐ Windows Authentication

Windows User:

Password:

☒ SQL Server Authentication

Login Name:

Password:

**Azure Active Directory to gather Operating System and Active Directory objects**

Azure AD Credentials are used to connect to the target server to gather Active Directory objects and file and registry key permissions. The specified account must have admin access to the target server.

**Azure AD Authentication**

Azure AD Account:

Password:

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## SQL Server on Amazon EC2

For **SQL Servers on Azure Virtual machines**, you have to specify the following credentials:

On the **SQL Server credentials to connect to audited SQL Server**, choose one of the following options:

- Select **Windows Authentication** and enter the credentials in the fields provided.
- Click **SQL Server Authentication** to use the default credentials of your SQL Server Agent.

The **AWS Directory Service for Microsoft Active Directory to gather Operating System and Active Directory objects** section, asks for credentials to connect the target server to gather Active Directory objects and key permissions.

The accounts need **Administrator** access to the target server.

**Register a SQL Server**

**Specify Connection Credentials**  
Specify which credentials SQL Secure should use to collect audit data.

SQL Server credentials to connect to audited SQL Server

☐ Windows Authentication

Windows User:

Password:

☒ SQL Server Authentication

Login Name:

Password:

AWS Directory Service for Microsoft Active Directory to gather Operating System and Active Directory objects

Amazon AD Credentials are used to connect to the target server to gather Active Directory objects and file and registry key permissions. The specified account must have admin access to the target server.

Amazon AD Authentication

Amazon AD Account:

Password:

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## Azure SQL Database

On the SQL Server credentials to connect to audited SQL Server section, choose one of the following options:

- Select **Azure Active Directory** and enter the credentials in the fields provided.
- Click **SQL Server Authentication** to use the default credentials of your SQL Server Agent.

Register a SQL Server

**Specify Connection Credentials**  
Specify which credentials SQL Secure should use to collect audit data.

SQL Server credentials to connect to audited SQL Server

☐ Azure Active Directory

Azure AD Account:

Password:

☒ SQL Server Authentication

Login Name:

Password:

< Back   Next >   Cancel   Help



## Connection Error

Configure your [Azure SQL Server Firewall](#) if a Connection Error displays.

## Amazon RDS for SQL Server

On the SQL Server credentials to connect to the audited SQL Server section, choose one of the following options:

- Select **AWS Directory Service for Microsoft Active Directory** and enter the credentials in the fields provided.
- Click **SQL Server Authentication** to use the default credentials of your SQL Server Agent.

Register a SQL Server

**Specify Connection Credentials**  
Specify which credentials SQL Secure should use to collect audit data.

SQL Server credentials to connect to audited SQL Server

☐ AWS Directory Service for Microsoft Active Directory

Amazon AD Account:

Password:

☒ SQL Server Authentication

Login Name:

Password:

< Back   Next >   Cancel   Help



## Case Sensitive accounts

Take into account that if the login configuration for the SQL Server you want to audit is case-sensitive, you must enter your login credentials in the case-sensitive format.



## Permissions and Privileges

You should keep in mind the following permissions for the accounts specified in this section:

- The SQL Server login must belong to the sysadmin fixed role on the target instance.
- The Windows account must have Windows Administrator privileges on the target instance to collect group membership information.
- The account specified for gathering information about OS and AD objects must have admin access to the target server and at least login access to the SQL Secure Repository.

After you specify your connection credentials, click **Next** to go to [Add server group tags](#).

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