# **Configuring DBMS properties and permissions**

Profiling supports the following DBMS platforms:

- IBM DB/2 for Windows, UNIX, and Linux
- · Microsoft SQL Server
- Oracle
- Sybase

The following describe how to set up a platform to utilize Optimizer on supported database platforms:

- Configuring IBM DB/2 for Windows, UNIX, and Linux
- Configuring Microsoft SQL Server
- Configuring Oracle
- Configuring Sybase

### Configuring IBM DB/2 for Windows, Unix, and Linux



The connected profiling user should be a member of the DB2 SYSMON group.

By default, DB2 Monitor flags are set to OFF. As a result, when attempting to launch a Profile job on a DB2 data source, users may encounter the following message: "One or more errors have occurred that prevent session profiling against this data source." Examine the details below and consult your data source administrator and/or the data source documentation to resolve the problem(s)."

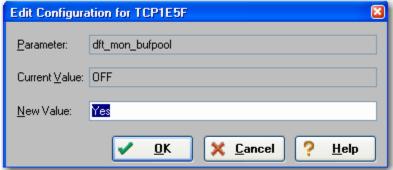
You can resolve this error using one of two methods:

- Enabling DB2 Monitor Flags via IDERA DBArtisan
- Command Line Option

#### To resolve the error through DBArtisan

- 1. Ensure the following DB2 Monitor Flags are turned on in DB2:
  - dft\_mon\_uow
  - dft\_mon\_stmt
  - dft\_mon\_lock
  - dft\_mon\_bufpool
  - dft\_mon\_sort
  - dft\_mon\_table
  - dft\_mon\_timestamp

You can set view and set Monitor Flags via DBArtisan. Ensure that the New Value field for each variable is set to Yes, as shown below.



2. Restart the DB2 data source to enable the changes, then launch SQL Query Tuner and begin profiling.

#### To resolve the error through the command line

This solution must be performed from DB2 CLP, on the DB2 server. If you attempt to perform these tasks through a client, an error message will result.

- 1. Navigate to Start > Programs > IBM DB2/COMMAND LINE TOOLS > COMMAND LINE PROCESSOR.
- 2. Turn the monitor switches on using the following commands:
  db2 update dbm cfg using dft\_mon\_lock on dft\_mon\_bufpool on dft\_mon\_sort on dft\_mon\_stmt on dft\_mon\_table
  on timestamp on dft\_mon\_uow on db2stop db2start

3. Ensure that the switches are turned on by connecting to the server with the following command:

Db2 connect to database username password password

The following screenshot provides an example of the input and output from the server:

## Configuring Microsoft SQL Server

Perform the following tasks to ensure that SQL Server is compatible with Optimizer:

- If you are setting up SQL Server 2000, ensure the current user is a member of the sysadmin group.
- If you are setting up later versions of SQL Server, the current user must meet one of the following requirements:
- Be a member of sysadmin, or have the VIEW SERVER STATE permission enabled.
- · Be a member of sysadmin, or have the SELECT permission enabled.

#### On SQL Server 2000 only:

You can enable profiling to capture more SQL by adding the following flag:

```
DBCC TRACEON(2861)
```

Trace flag 2861 instructs SQL Server to keep zero cost plans in cache, which SQL Server would typically not cache (such as simple ad-hoc queries, set statements, commit transaction and others). In other words, the number of objects in the procedure cache increases when trace flag 2861 is turned on because the additional objects are so small, there is a slight increase in memory that is taken up by the procedure cache.

Ensure you restart the server for your changes to take effect.

## **Configuring Oracle**

Oracle users need access to V\$ views. In order to configure Oracle to provide users with these privileges:

- If you are setting up Oracle 10 or later, ensure you are logged in as sys or system with the sysdba role, or the SELECT\_CATALOG\_ROLE has been granted to user name.
- If you are setting up an earlier version of Oracle, ensure you are logged in as sys or system with the sysdba role.

## Configuring Sybase

Perform the following tasks to ensure that Sybase is compatible with DB Optimizer:

- · Ensure the following system configuration properties are activated:
- Enabling Monitoring (sp\_configure "enable monitoring", 1)
- Wait Event Timing (sp\_configure "wait event timing", 1)
- SQL Batch Capture (sp\_configure "SQL batch capture", 1)
- Max SQL Text Monitored (sp\_configure "max SQL text monitored", 2048) 2048 is the suggested value, must be greater than 0. This defines the
  maximum size a SQL statement that can be captured.

The following options are specific to Sybase 15.0.2 and higher.

- SQL Text Pipe Active (sp\_configure "sqltext pipe active", 1)
- SQL Text Pipe Max Messages (sp\_configure "sql text pipe max messages", 512) 512 is the suggested value, must be greater than 0. This defines
  the maximum number of SQL statements that Sybase tracks at any given time. You may want to increase this number if you observe a lot of
  UNKNOWN statements in the Profile Editor.
- Statement Statistics Active (sp\_configure "statement statistics active", 1)
- Per Object Statistics Active (sp\_configure "per object statistics active", 1)

Additionally, perform the following tasks, as necessary:

- If a user does not have mon\_role enabled, the user will not be able to access Adaptive Server's monitoring tables.
- If the monProcess table is missing, the user will not be able to view currently connected sessions.
- If the sysprocesses table is missing, the user will not be able to view information about Adaptive Server processes.
- If the monWaitEventInfo table is missing, the user will not be able to view information about wait events.
- If the monProcessSQLText table is missing, the user will not be able to view currently executing SQL statements.



These packages should only be installed by the DBA.

Profiling enables you to create a set of launch configurations to store the basic properties for each profiling session that you run on a regular basis. A launch configuration enables you to start profiling sessions from a single menu command, rather than re-define configuration parameters each time you want to run one.

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