Tutorial 4: Defining a configuration standard

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Before working with tutorials, identify two data sources that you can use for practice. These data sources <u>should not be live or mission-critical</u>, and they should be similar in schema and data.

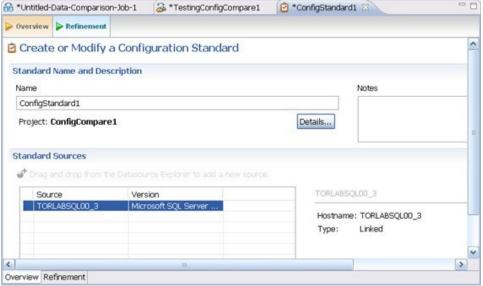
A configuration standard is composed of properties and values that you define:

- Configuration properties (static or dynamically updated based on the source values)
- · Values that include threshold comparison operators (greater than, less than, falls within or is a member of a specified set, etc.)

You can use a standard in configuration comparison jobs against data sources and archives in order to determine if the target conforms to the standard. A standard can only be used as a source in comparison jobs.

To define a configuration standard

- 1. Select File > New > Configuration Standard.
- 2. If prompted, select a project to use.
- 3. In the Overview tab, enter the name of the standard in the Name field.
- 4. Drag and drop a data source from Data Source Explorer to the Standard Sources table.



- 5. In the Refinement tab, define each listed property using the Source, Operator, and Value controls.
- 6. Select **File > Save** to save the standard. It appears in the Project Explorer.

You can subsequently drag and drop the new standard from **Project Explorer** to the **Comparison Source** box in the Configuration Comparison Job Editor. You can then run a job using the standard as you would use a registered data source.