Tutorial 7: Masking data

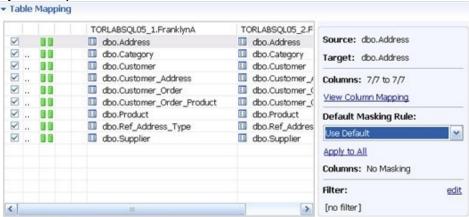


Before working with tutorials, identify two data sources that you can use for practice. These data sources should not be live or mission-critical, and they should be similar in schema and data.

Data masking is a way of securing sensitive data during the development or testing phases of a database development project. It is often performed as a security or compliance measure that protects important information. By masking valid production data, you can provide a copy of the data that is "scrambled" but still represents your production environment.

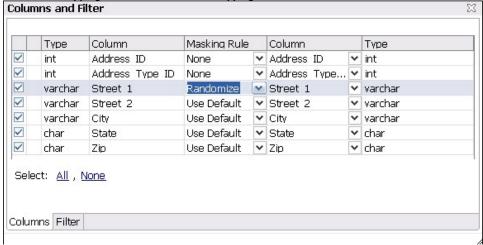
To mask data

- 1. Select File > New > Data Comparison Job and if prompted, select a project.
- Provide a name of the job in the Name field and then drag and drop datasources from the Data Source Explorer to the Data Comparison Source and Data Comparison Target boxes.
- 3. In the Options tab, ensure that Automatically Synchronize is selected and read the description shown for that option.
- 4. In the Mapping tab, select a row corresponding to a matching database pair in the **Database Mapping** box, and then select **Yes retrieve the objects in this pair**.



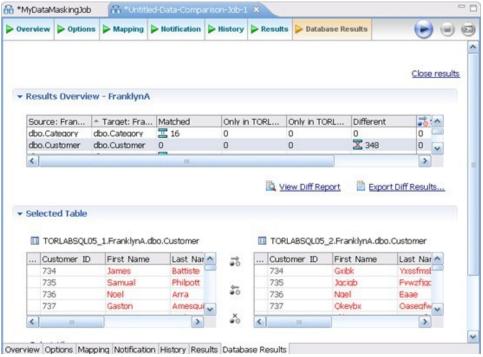
Select: All , None

5. In the Table Mapping box, click View Column Mapping.



- 6. Click on the **Data Masking Rule** option for a column and select one of the following:
 - Use Default. The default masking rule as set in the Database Mapping box.
 - None. No masking is applied.
 - Randomize. Replaces characters with other random characters.
 - Shuffle. Reorders the values in different rows; for example, in a First Name column, Bob, Ted, and Alice can change to Alice, Bob, and Ted
- 7. Close the window.
- 8. Continue to experiment with selection and settings until you are comfortable with masking options.
- 9. Click File > Save to save the job.

10. Click the Run Job icon.



The Database Results tab shows the masked data.

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